

أي شيء في هذا الإطار



الصفحة: 2 على 11	الموضوع	دورة شتبر 2013	مادة التخصص: اللغة الانجليزية
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SECTION I : READING COMPREHENSION

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[1] Welcome to the climate roller coaster, or what is being coined the "new normal" of weather. What was, until quite recently, predictable, temperate, mild and equable British weather, guaranteed to be warm and wet, now sees the seasons reversed and temperature and rainfall records broken almost every year. When Kent, in Southern England, receives as much rain in May as Timbuktu, Manchester has more sunshine than Marbella, and soils in Southern England are drier than those in Egypt, something is happening.

[2] Government scientists at the centre for hydrology and ecology are openly using words like "remarkable", "unprecedented" and "shocking" to describe the recent physical state of Britain, but this is nothing compared to what has been taking place elsewhere. In 2010, more than two million square kilometers of Eastern Europe and Russia scorched. An extra 50,000 people died as temperatures stayed more than 6°C above normal for many weeks, crops were devastated and hundreds of giant wildfires broke out. The price of wheat and other foods rose as two thirds of the continent experienced its hottest summer in around 500 years. In 2011, it's Western Europe's turn for a mega-heat wave, with 16 countries, including France, Switzerland and Germany, experiencing extreme dryness. The blame is being put on El Niño and La Niña, naturally occurring but poorly understood events that follow heating and cooling of the Pacific Ocean near the equator, bringing floods and droughts. Vast areas of Europe have received less than half the rainfall they would normally get in March, April and May; temperatures have been off the scale for the time of year. But for real extremes in 2011, look to Australia, China and the Southern US.

[3] In Queensland, Australia, an area the size of Germany and France was flooded in December and January in what was called the country's "worst natural disaster". It cost the economy up to \$32 billion, devastated livelihoods and is still being cleaned up. In China, a "once-in-a-100-years" drought has dried up hundreds of reservoirs, rivers and water courses, and evaporated drinking supplies. The government responded with a massive rain-making operation, firing thousands of rockets to "seed" clouds with silver iodide and other chemicals. It may have worked: the heavens opened and a record 30 centimeters of rain fell in some places in 24 hours, floods and mudslides killed 94 people, and tens of thousands of people lost their homes. Meanwhile, North America's most deadly and destructive season ever saw 600 "twisters" in April alone, and 138 people killed in Joplin, Missouri. Arizonans were this week fighting some of the largest wildfires they have known, and the greatest flood in recorded US history is occurring along sections of the Missouri river.

[4] The impacts of extreme weather are greater in poorer countries. In Mexico, the temperature peaked at 48.8°C in April, the warmest anywhere in the world that month, and nearly half the country is now affected by drought. There have already been 9,000 wildfires, and the biggest farm union says that more than 3.5 million farmers are on the brink of bankruptcy because they cannot feed their cattle or grow crops. Wherever you look, the climate appears to be in overdrive, with stronger weather patterns gripping large areas for longer and events veering between extremes. Last year, according to US meteorologist Jeff Masters, 17 countries experienced record temperatures. Colombia, Peru, Cuba, Kenya, Somalia and many other countries have all registered far more or less rainfall or major heat waves in the past few years, he says. Kuwait has seen temperatures in excess of 50°C and Rajasthan in India 49.6°C, while parts of Canada, including Toronto, have been sizzling at a record 33°C.

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الصفحة: 3 على 11	الموضوع	دورة شتبر 2013	مادة التخصص: اللغة الانجليزية
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[5] Rich countries may be more or less immune in the short term because the global trading system guarantees food, and access to electricity allows air conditioning, but in parts of Ethiopia, Kenya and Somalia, millions of people this year have little or no food left after successive poor rainy seasons. Skeptics argue that there have always been temperature extremes, but what concerns most climate scientists and observers is that the extreme weather events are occurring more frequently, their intensity is growing and the trends all suggest long-term change as greenhouse gases steadily build in the atmosphere.

[6] "It is abundantly clear that weather-related disasters have been increasing in some of the world's poorest countries," says Steve Jennings, the author of a report for Oxfam. "I think that 'global weirding' is the best way to describe what we're seeing. We are used to certain conditions and there's a lot going on these days that is not what we're used to, that is outside our current frame of reference," says climate scientist Katharine Hayhoe of Texas Tech University. "It is almost impossible for us to pinpoint specific events . . . and say they were caused by climate change," says William Chameides, atmospheric scientist at Duke University. The World Meteorological Organisation (WMO) concludes, tentatively, that global weather will now return to something approaching normal. The trouble is, no one is too sure what normal is any more.

Adapted from: <http://www.guardian.co.uk>

A. Choose the correct answer.

1. The author of this text is primarily concerned with
 A. food shortage in developing countries. B. causes of natural disasters.
 C. the adverse effects of climate change. D. research in meteorological studies.

1.

2. "Climate roller coaster" means
 A. weather upheavals. B. weather forecast.
 C. global warming. D. hot and dry climate.

2.

B. Are these statements true (T) or false (F) according to the text?

3. In 2010, the price of wheat and other foods in Eastern Europe and Russia rose because of speculations.
 4. The Chinese succeeded in making rain by shooting rockets into clouds.
 5. The WMO is sure that global weather will return to its normal conditions.

3.

4.

5.

C. Answer these questions.

6. What has made the weather unpredictable in Britain?

.....

7. What was extreme dryness in Western Europe thought to be due to?

.....

8. What negative effects resulted from the massive rain-making operation in China?

.....

9. Why is Katharine Hayhoe unable to provide a scientific explanation for the unusual changes in the weather?

يجب أي شيء في هذا الإطار



مباراة الدخول إلى مسلك تأهيل أساتذة التعليم الثانوي التأهيلي بالمراكز الجهوية لمهن التربية والتكوين

الصفحة: 4 على 11

الموضوع

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D. Find in the text words that mean the same as

10. outrageous (paragraph 2)
11. hurricane (paragraph 3)
12. swerving (paragraph 4)

10.
11.
12.

E. Fill in the blanks with appropriate words. The first letters are given.

Humans create their own limited mental (13) p_____ of the world which are reflected in language. The word "week" is often quoted as an example of this. The week has no (14) c_____ reality in the outside world. Yet most native speakers of English have a mental model of the sequence of (15) s_____ days, which is divided into two chunks, five working days followed by two rest days, the "weekend" – or sometimes six working days followed by one rest day. They have idealized the (16) n_____ of the week, even though they may organize their own working life quite differently. In contrast an Inca week had 10 days, nine working days followed by market day.

13.
14.
15.
16.

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SECTION II : LANGUAGE

Choose the correct answer and write its corresponding letter in the space provided on the right.

17. You must really make an effort; stop _____ excuses and try to save some money each month this year.

A. to make B. making C. having made D. make

17.

18. We have an English test next week. We _____ revising our lessons tomorrow.

A. had better starting B. had better started
C. had better to start D. had better start

18.

19. They could not tell me _____.

A. why not had he eaten his lunch B. why he had not eaten his lunch
C. why had he not eaten his lunch D. why did he not eat his lunch

19.

20. If you don't take exercise you _____ the risk of getting ill.

A. stand B. face C. run D. suffer

20.

21. The boss decided to let her _____ the whole work alone.

A. to do B. doing C. do D. done

21.

22. I assume _____ with me on this point.

A. everyone agreeing B. that everyone agrees

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- C. everyone to agree D. that everyone to agree 22.
23. Students have to register before the end of the course, _____?
A. haven't they B. have they C. doesn't it D. won't they 23.
24. Ireland was part of the UK, _____?
A. didn't it B. wasn't it C. hasn't it D. weren't it 24.
25. And so I cry sometimes _____ I'm lying in bed.
A. where B. what C. how D. when 25.
26. He couldn't remember the name of the student _____ project received the prize.
A. whose B. who C. that D. who's 26.
27. A few passengers were _____ after the liner overturned in a storm.
A. plunged B. waterd C. drowned D. submerged 27.
28. I know exactly _____ I'm going to support in the upcoming election.
A. who B. whoever C. whosever D. which 28.
29. Only after posting the postcard _____ I hadn't put a stamp on it.
A. I remembered B. did I remember C. I had remembered D. do I remember 29.
30. This ticket _____ a free meal in our new restaurant.
A. entitles you for B. entitles you to C. entitles you with D. entitles you 30.
31. Benaissa decided _____ golf on weekends.
A. to begin B. to commence C. to take up D. to start off 31.
32. This new service will be available to all users _____ up for paid membership.
A. sign B. that signed it C. which signed D. that signed 32.
33. Nass El Ghiwane were very _____ to learn that their concert was sold out.
A. excited B. excitedly C. excitement D. exciting 33.
34. Yassine knows that he had better _____ his algebra skills before the mid-term exam.
A. brush up on B. brush on up C. brushing up on D. brushing on up 34.
35. In _____, the team has begun to show some form again and has won some games.
A. few weeks B. few past weeks C. the past few weeks D. a few weeks since 35.
36. Never _____ so much snow in November!
A. I have seen B. have I seen C. will I see D. I had seen 36.

يكتب أي شيء في هذا الإطار



مباراة الدخول إلى مسلك تأهيل أساتذة التعليم الثانوي التأهيلي بالمراكز الجهوية لمهن التربية والتكوين

الصفحة: 6 على 11

الموضوع

دورة شتبر 2013

مادة التخصص: اللغة الانجليزية

37. ☐ A. who's painting was the best B. whose painting was the best
C. painting who was the best D. the best painting that was
38. ☐ _____ explores the nature of guilt and builds to a remarkable conclusion.
A. The written beautifully novel B. The beautifully written novel
C. The novel beautifully written D. The written novel beautiful
39. ☐ He wants to go out to see a film, _____ he feels a strange pressure to stay home.
A. yet B. despite C. as if D. while
40. ☐ If it _____ winter, all these trees would be covered with snow.
A. is B. had been C. were D. has been
41. ☐ Gadi has produced five interesting documentaries. _____, he has not taken part in any international film competition.
A. As a result B. Even so C. Consequently D. And
42. ☐ My uncle has decided to quit his job because he isn't happy with his salary. _____, he's always wanted to set up his own business.
A. Consequently B. However C. Furthermore D. Even so
43. ☐ Would you be _____ if you saw a vampire?
A. frighten B. frightening C. fright D. frightened
44. ☐ She is very affectionate _____ her children.
A. upon B. over C. with D. towards
45. ☐ Most of the activities they did on the course were _____ and irrelevant.
A. meaning B. means C. meaningful D. meaningless
46. ☐ She has not recovered fully _____ the shock of her son's failure.
A. off B. of C. from D. against
47. ☐ After all these years, she has decided to take early _____.
A. leave B. finishing C. departure D. retirement
48. ☐ Which sentence is correct?
A. The technician did not repaired the DVD recorder.
B. The DVD recorder has not repaired.
C. The DVD recorder has not been repaired.
D. The technician has not been repaired the DVD recorder.
49. ☐ I'm late, _____.
A. am I not B. I'm not C. isn't it D. aren't I
50. ☐ Students may be disappointed if they _____ good grades.

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يكتب أي شيء في هذا الإطار



مباراة الدخول إلى مملكه تاهيل أسقنة التعليم الثقوي التاهيلي بالمراكز الجهوية لمين التربية والتكوين

الصفحة: 7 على 11

الموضوع

دورة شتبر 2013

مادة التخصص: اللغة الانجليزية

- A. don't receive B. had not received
C. didn't receive D. will not receive 50.
51. Your friend has been convicted _____ the charge of murder.
A. on B. for C. upon D. of 51.
52. Let's go, _____?
A. shall we B. let's C. let's not D. do we 52.
53. Most of the news on television is _____.
A. depressed B. depressing C. depression D. depressingly 53.
54. Nobody left before checking out, _____?
A. did he B. did they C. do they D. did we 54.
55. More astronauts _____ to the moon.
A. they will be sent B. will be sent C. will they send D. will send 55.
56. Can you hear what he is _____?
A. speaking B. saying C. telling D. talking 56.
57. Before you accept a job, you have to agree with the _____ of the contract.
A. conditionals B. conditions C. conditioners D. conditioned 57.
58. Many people believe their bodies have flaws and _____.
A. perfections B. perfect C. perfectly D. imperfections 58.
59. I look _____ him as my closest friend.
A. on B. up C. after D. to 59.
60. She was _____ little late, but still in time for the closing session.
A. bit B. a C. no D. not 60.
61. I wonder how much _____.
A. was that car B. is that car C. that car is D. that car will 61.
62. I went to the hairdresser's this morning to _____.
A. have my hair cut B. cut my hair
C. be cut my hair D. have my cut hair 62.
63. You can increase your _____ by a considerable amount because of all the different words you might encounter while reading.
A. index B. vocabulary C. vocalization D. appendix 63.
64. Rarely _____ speeches if there are no TV cameras around.
A. makes he B. did he make C. he makes D. does he make 64.

يكتب أي شيء في هذا الإطار



مباراة الدخول إلى مسلك تأهيل أساتذة التعليم الثانوي التأهيلي بالمراكز الجهوية لمهن التربية والتكوين			
11	على	8	الصفحة:
الموضوع	دورة شتنبر 2013	مادة التخصص: اللغة الانجليزية	

65. A. Great! B. That's terrific! C. He must be proud of it. D. I'm sorry to hear that.
66. Even if some parents ensure that their children avoid _____ snacks at home, most of them are unaware of what they eat at school.
A. sugary B. sugarful C. sugarless D. sugar
67. "Will you lend me your portable computer?" she said. She asked him _____ his portable computer.
A. if he would lend her B. if she will lend him
C. when he would lend her D. if he lent her
68. What a lovely meal _____!
A. was that B. that was C. is it D. its
69. Their plane should be here in no time. _____.
A. 'Oh! These planes are always late. B. Let's wait for them here.
C. Let's come back tomorrow. D. Let's see if they're at the lobby
70. Don't fill the glasses to _____ brim.
A. the B. some C. a D. any
71. "My wife and I came to live here exactly two years ago," the man said.
The man _____ that he and his wife _____ to live there exactly two years before.
A. asked me / had come B. told me / came
C. said me / would come D. told me / had come
72. Villagers always call a spade a spade means
A. to speak in a direct manner B. to call someone a spade
C. to speak ill of someone D. to speak about spades
73. She has stopped _____ to the theatre which _____ one of her greatest pleasures.
A. to go / is used to be B. to go / used to being
C. going / used to be D. going / used to being
74. She managed _____ enough money last year for a short holiday by _____ extra money in her spare time.
A. save / to earn B. to save / earning
C. saving / earning D. to saving / earn
75. Whenever Mansour gets _____, he goes fishing.
A. boredom B. boringly C. boring D. bored
76. I remember _____ this joke some time ago.
A. to hear B. have heard C. hearing D. heard
77. If the airplane had not had a mechanical problem, we probably _____ in Rabat by now.
A. will arrive B. would have arrived C. must have arrived D. should have arrived
78. Being able to drive is a _____ for the job of a salesman.

يكتب أي شيء في هذا الإطار



الصفحة: 9 على 11	مباراة الدخول إلى مسلك تاهيل أساتذة التعليم الشفوي التاهيلي بالمراكز الجهوية لمهن التربية والتكوين	مادة التخصص: اللغة الانجليزية
الموضوع	دورة شتبر 2013	

A. prerequisite	B. prerequisite	C. prescription	D. preregistration	78.
79. The first World Cup _____ in Uruguay in 1930.	A. was hold	B. was being held	C. was to be held	79.
80. He may have grown taller _____.	A. from when I last saw him	B. since I last saw him	C. before I last saw him	80.
81. Which sentence is correct?	A. Actually, I've rarely gone to a restaurant downtown.	B. Actually, I've gone to a restaurant rarely downtown.	C. I've rarely actually gone to a restaurant downtown.	81.
82. Only when you have your own children _____ understand how difficult it is.	A. you will	B. you won't	C. will you	82.
83. A gifted scientist, Newton _____ some of the most fundamental laws in the history of science.	A. keeps discovering	B. who discovered	C. the discoverer of	83.
84. My TV isn't working. _____.	A. We've already called a repairman.	B. OK. I'll call you later.	C. Why don't you watch something else?	84.
85. My drink is _____ of all the drinks.	A. colder than	B. the coldest	C. the most cold	85.
86. Email use has increased. _____, the use of the fax machine has declined.	A. Also	B. As well	C. Similarly	86.
87. The process uses an innovative digital technology _____ the products with as many colors as the image contains.	A. imprints	B. that imprints it	C. that imprints	87.
88. It was _____ to take out a subscription for the magazines than to buy them separately each month.	A. the cheapest	B. cheaper	C. cheap	88.
89. Which sentence is correct?	A. He pleased his directors in good time and this completed his report.	B. He completed his report in good time and this pleased his directors.	C. He pleased his directors and completed his report and this in good time.	89.
90. They are late as usual. I don't think we should _____ them.	A. await for	B. wait for	C. await on	90.
91. I went to have my glasses _____.				

يكتب أي شيء في هذا الإطار



مباراة الدخول إلى مسلك تأهيل أساتذة التعليم الثانوي التأهيلي بالمراكز الجهوية لمهن التربية والتكوين			
11	الصفحة: 10	الموضوع	دورة شتنبر 2013
مادة التخصص: اللغة الانجليزية			

91. A. repair B. repaired C. reparation D. repairing
92. Bees _____ display distinct preferences for different colors, but are also sensitive to ultra-violet light.
A. only B. can only C. only do D. not only
93. He wants you to _____ him the reason for your refusal.
A. speak B. tell C. say D. talk
94. You have sent a letter of application for a job, together with your C.V. which the company requested.
What do you say?
A. You asked for my curriculum, so here it is. B. As you requested, I am enclosing my curriculum vitae.
C. As you can see, I have enclosed my curriculum vitae. D. This is the C.V. you want.
95. She recently became _____ minister in the new government.
A. no article B. the C. a D. an
96. _____ General Motors is one of America's largest companies.
A. no article B. the C. a D. an

SECTION III: WRITING

A. Put each group of sentences in the correct order to form a coherent paragraph.

97. Paragraph 1

- A. By the end of the overtime, the Tigers clearly emerged as the superior team, winning the game by four points.
B. One of the most exciting games of the season took place last night.
C. When the halftime buzzer sounded, the Tigers led the Blue Jays by ten points.
D. But the Blue Jays, full of fire, returned from the locker room and quickly closed the gap.
E. During the first half, the Tigers controlled the ball and the boards.
F. No one expected the game to end in a tie, so the fans went wild when the final buzzer sounded.

97.

98. Paragraph 2

- A. Another good idea is to look over children's homework before they hand it in, and help them with any questions or problems.
B. By doing these relatively simple things, parents can make a huge difference.
C. They should get to know their children's teachers by attending school activities as often as possible.
D. Parents can help their children succeed in school by getting involved in their studies.
E. They should also talk about what their children are learning in school.

98.

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مباراة الدخول إلى مملك تاهيل أساتذة التعليم الثقوي التاهيلي بالمراكز الجهوية لمهن التربية والتكوين

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B. Here are 2 topic sentences. Develop each topic sentence to write 2 coherent paragraphs of about 120 words each.

99. Not everything that is learned is contained in books.

100. I never forget my first day at the university.

END OF TEST

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